Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinical Requirements	Assessments Methods
		mental health problems  • Assist in various therapies  • Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	assessment  Recording therapeutic communication  Administration of medications  Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT)  Participating in all therapies  Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL)  Conducting admission and discharge counselling  Counseling and teaching patients and families	<ul> <li>Care plan</li> <li>Clinical presentation – 1</li> <li>Process recording – 2</li> <li>Maintain drug book</li> </ul>	Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording     Completion of activity record
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	Identify patients with various mental disorders     Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up     Assist in follow up clinic     Counsel and educate patient, family and community     Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre	Conduct home visit and case work  Identifying individuals with mental health problems  Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp  Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness  Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community  Observing deaddiction care	<ul> <li>Case work – 1</li> <li>Observation report on field visits</li> <li>Visit to deaddiction centre</li> </ul>	Assess performance with rating scale     Evaluation of case work and observation report     Completion of activity record

# COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) includes Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

**DESCRIPTION**: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environmental science. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum. It helps students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

[भाग III—खण्ड 4] भारत का राजपत्र : असाधारण 347

## COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science, environmental health and sanitation
- Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings
- 10. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 11. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- 12. Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- 13. Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 14. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and noncommunicable diseases
- 16. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non- communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- 18. Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)

## COURSE OUTLINE

#### T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Define public health, community health and community health nursing  Explain the evolution of public health in India and scope of community health nursing  Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health  Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention  Discuss the health	Concepts of Community Health and Community Health Nursing  • Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing  • Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing  • Review: Concepts of Health & Illness/ disease: Definition, dimensions and determinants of health and disease  • Natural history of disease  • Levels of prevention: Primary, Secondary &	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Explain using chart, graphs</li> <li>Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community)</li> <li>Explain using examples</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li><li>Objective type</li><li>Survey report</li></ul>

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	1450		Activities	Methods
		problems of India	tertiary prevention – Review		
			Health problems (Profile) of India		
II	8 (T)	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health plans, and committees	Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels  Health planning steps  Health planning in India: various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Short answer</li> <li>Essay</li> <li>Evaluation of Field visit reports &amp; presentation</li> </ul>
		Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels	Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning     Health care delivery system in India:		
		Describe SDCs	Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub-centre (SC), PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level	Directed reading	
		Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC)	Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC): elements, principles		
			CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC)      CAM HD/GHD		
		Explain health care policies and	<ul> <li>Role of MLHP/CHP</li> <li>National Health Care Policies and Regulations</li> </ul>		
		regulations in India	o National Health Policy (1983, 2002, 2017)		
			o National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM		
			<ul> <li>National Health         Protection Mission         (NHPM)     </li> </ul>		
			Ayushman Bharat     Universal Health     Coverage		
III		Identify the role of an individual in the	Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and	Lecture	Short answer

349 [भाग III—खण्ड 4] भारत का राजपत्र : असाधारण

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	(484)		Activities	Methods
		conservation of natural resources	Natural resources:     Renewable and non-renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems:     Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources      Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles	<ul> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Debates on environmental protection and preservation</li> <li>Explain using Charts, graphs, Models, films, slides</li> </ul>	Essay     Field visit reports
		Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions  Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity  Enumerate the causes.	Ecosystem: Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics – Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem     Biodiversity: Classification, value of bio-diversity, threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity     Environmental pollution: Introduction, causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution,	<ul> <li>Directed reading</li> <li>Visits to water supply &amp; purification sites</li> </ul>	
		effects and control measures of environmental pollution	Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on health  • Climate change, global warming: ex. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact		
		Discuss about climate change, global warming, acid rain, and ozone layer depletion  Enumerate the role of an individual in creating awareness about the social issues related to environment	Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics     Acts related to environmental protection and preservation  Environmental Health &		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Withous
		List the Acts related to environmental protection and preservation	Concept of environment health and sanitation     Concept of safe water, sources of water,		
		Describe the concept of environmental health and sanitation	waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household purification of water	Observe rain water harvesting plants	
			<ul> <li>Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing bacteriological quality of water</li> </ul>		
		Describe water conservation, rain	<ul> <li>Concepts of water conservation: rain water harvesting and water shed management</li> </ul>	Visit to sewage disposal and treatment sites, and waste disposal sites	
		water harvesting and water shed management	<ul> <li>Concept of Pollution prevention</li> </ul>		
			<ul><li>Air &amp; noise pollution</li><li>Role of nurse in</li></ul>		
			<ul><li>prevention of pollution</li><li>Solid waste management,</li></ul>		
		Explain waste management	human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management		
			Commonly used insecticides and pesticides		
IV	7 (T)	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the	Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education	Lecture     Discussion	Performance assessment of nutrition
		community level	<ul> <li>Review of Nutrition</li> <li>Concepts, types</li> </ul>	Demonstration	assessment for different age
			o Meal planning: aims, steps & diet plan for	<ul><li>Role play</li><li>Market visit</li></ul>	<ul><li>groups</li><li>Evaluation on</li></ul>
			o Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods	Nutritional assessment for different age groups	nutritional assessment reports
		Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet	<ul> <li>Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status</li> </ul>		
			General nutritional advice		
		Provide nutrition counseling and education to all age	<ul> <li>Nutrition education: purpose, principles &amp; methods and Rehabilitation</li> </ul>	Lecture     Discussion	<ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li></ul>
		groups and describe	www.26590.0007777009487005		

the national nutrition programs and  the national nutrition programs and deficiency disorders  National nutritional policy & programs in India  Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety  Food borne diseases  Definition, & burden, Causes and classification  Signs & Symptoms  Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins  Early identification, initial management and referral  Food poisoning & food intoxication  Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  Food intoxication  Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  Public health response to food borne diseases  Public health response to food borne diseases  Communication  Behaviour change communication skills  Communication  Behaviour change communication  Human behaviour  Halth belief model: concepts & definition,  Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW & USAID)	Assessment
deficiency disorders  National nutritional policy & programs in India Food Borne Diseases and perform initial management and referral appropriately  Food borne diseases  Definition, & burden, Causes and classification Signs & Symptoms  Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins Early identification, initial management and referral Food poisoning & food intoxication  Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  Public health response to food borne diseases  V 6 (T) Describe behaviour change communication skills  Communication management and Health Education  Behaviour change communication skills  Communication Human behaviour Health belief model: concepts & definition, Health belief model: concepts & definition,	Methods
Identify early the food borne diseases, and perform initial management and referral appropriately	
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Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins  Early identification, initial management and referral  Food poisoning & food intoxication  Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  Public health response to food borne diseases  Public health response to food borne diseases  Public health response to food borne diseases  Communication  Behaviour change communication skills  Communication  Behaviour change communication skills  communication  Human behaviour  Health belief model: concepts & definition,	
borne pathogens & toxins  • Early identification, initial management and referral  Food poisoning & food intoxication  • Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  • Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Communication management and Health Education  • Behaviour change communication skills  • Communication endange communication skills  • Communication on Health belief model: concepts & definition,	
management and referral  Food poisoning & food intoxication  • Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  • Food intoxication  • Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  • Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Communication management and Health Education  • Behaviour change communication skills  • Communication end of the communication on the communication skills  • Communication end of the communication on the communication of the communication on the communication of the communication	
intoxication  • Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  • Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Communication management and Health Education  • Behaviour change communication skills  • Communication skills  • Communication management and Health Education  • Behaviour change communication or Human behaviour  • Human behaviour  • Health belief model: concepts & definition,	
features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning  • Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Public health response to food borne diseases  • Communication management and Health Education  • Behaviour change communication skills  • Communication management and Health Education  • Behaviour change communication skills  • Communication Management and Health Education  • Role play  • Demonstration: BCC skills  • Supervised field practice  • Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW & USAID)	
preventive & control measures  Public health response to food borne diseases  Communication management and Health Education  Behaviour change communication skills  Behaviour change communication skills  Communication  Behaviour change communication skills  Communication  Behaviour change communication skills  Communication  Behaviour change communication  Role play  Demonstration: BCC skills  Supervised field practice  Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW & USAID)	• Field visit reports
V 6 (T) Describe behaviour change communication skills  Behaviour change communication skills  Behaviour change communication skills  communication skills  Communication management and Health Education  Behaviour change communication skills  communication  Human behaviour  Health belief model: concepts & definition,	CCHN
change communication skills  management and Health Education  Behaviour change communication skills  communication skills  health belief model: concepts & definition,  communication skills  Discussion  Role play  Demonstration: BCC skills  Supervised field practice  Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW & USAID)	
ocommunication skills ocommunication OHuman behaviour OHealth belief model: concepts & definition,	<ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li></ul>
o communication o Human behaviour o Health belief model: concepts & definition,	
<ul> <li>Human behaviour</li> <li>Health belief model: concepts &amp; definition,</li> <li>Supervised field practice</li> <li>Refer: BCC/SBCC module (MoHFW &amp; USAID)</li> </ul>	
o Health belief model: concepts & definition, (MoHFW & USAID)	
ways to influence behaviour	
o Steps of behaviour change	
o Techniques of behaviour change: Guiding principles in planning BCC activity	
o Steps of BCC	
Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy life style practices  O Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC): techniques to collect social history from clients  O Barriers to effective	Performance evaluation of health

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
		using appropriate methods and media	communication, and methods to overcome them  • Health promotion and Health education: methods/techniques, and		education sessions to individuals and families
			audio-visual aids		
VI	7 (T)	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts	Community health nursing approaches, concepts, roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel	<ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li><li>Role plays</li></ul>	• Short answer • Essays
			<ul> <li>Approaches:</li> </ul>		
			o Nursing process		
			<ul> <li>Epidemiological approach</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Problem solving approach</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Evidence based approach</li> </ul>		
			<ul> <li>Empowering people to care for themselves</li> </ul>		
		Describe and identify the activities of community health	<ul> <li>Review: Primary health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC)</li> </ul>	Supervised field practice	Assessment of supervised
		nurse to promote and	Home Visits:		field practice
		maintain family health through home visits	<ul> <li>Concept, Principles, Process, &amp; Techniques: Bag technique</li> </ul>		
			Qualities of Community Health Nurse		
			<ul> <li>Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services</li> </ul>		
			Review: Principles & techniques of counseling		
VII	10 (T)	Explain the specific activities of	Assisting individuals and families to promote and	• Lecture	Short answer
		community health	maintain their health	Discussion	• Essay
		nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	A. Assessment of individuals and families (Review from Child health nursing, Medical surgical nursing and OBG Nursing)	<ul><li>Demonstration</li><li>Role plays</li></ul>	Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice area
			<ul> <li>Assessment of children, women, adolescents, elderly etc.</li> </ul>		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Children: Monitoring growth and development,		
			Anthropometric measurements, BMI		
			Social development		Assessment of
			Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring		procedural skills in lab procedures
			Menstrual cycle		•
			Breast self-examination (BSE) and testicles self- examination (TSE)		
			Warning Signs of various diseases		
			Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin		
			B. Provision of health services/primary health care:		
			Routine check-up, Immunization, counseling, and diagnosis		
			Management of common diseases at home and health centre level		
		Provide primary care	<ul> <li>Care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MoH&amp;FW</li> </ul>		
		at home/ health centers (HWC) using standing orders/ protocols as	injections at health centre		
		per public health standards/approved by MoH&FW and INC regulation	C. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases/disabilities		
			D. Carry out therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for client and family		
			E. Maintenance of health records and reports		
			Maintenance of client records		
		Develop skill in	Maintenance of health records at the facility level		Evaluation of
		maintenance of records and reports	Report writing and documentation of activities carried out during home visits, in the clinics/centers and field visits	Document and maintain:     Individual records	e Evaluation of records and reports

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	1000		Activities	Methods
			F. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development of the family	Family records     Health center records	
			Women empowerment     Women and child abuse		
		Develop beginning skills in handling social issues affecting	<ul><li>Abuse of elders</li><li>Female foeticide</li></ul>		
		the health and development of the	<ul> <li>Commercial sex workers</li> </ul>		
		family	Substance abuse		
			G. Utilize community resources for client and family		
			Trauma services		
		Identify and assist the	Old age homes		
		families to utilize the	Orphanages		Evaluation of
		community resources appropriately	Homes for physically challenged individuals	Field visits	field visit reports
			Homes for destitute		
			Palliative care centres		
			Hospice care centres		
			Assisted living facility		Considerate the
VIII		Describe the concepts, approaches and methods of epidemiology	Introduction to Epidemiology – Epidemiological Approaches and Processes	<ul><li>Lecture</li><li>Discussion</li><li>Demonstration</li></ul>	<ul><li>Short answer</li><li>Essay</li><li>Report on visit</li></ul>
			Epidemiology: Concept and Definition	Role play	to communicable disease
			Distribution and frequency of disease	Field visits: communicable disease hospital & Entomology office	hospital  Report on visit
			Aims & uses of epidemiology		to entomology office
			<ul> <li>Epidemiological models of causation of disease</li> </ul>		
			Concepts of disease transmission		
			<ul> <li>Modes of transmission: Direct, Indirect and chain of infection</li> </ul>		
			Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence		
			Epidemiological approaches: Descriptive, analytical and experimental		
			Principles of control measures/levels of	Investigation of an epidemic of	

355 [भाग III—खण्ड 4] भारत का राजपत्र : असाधारण

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	1,000		Activities	Methods
			prevention of disease	communicable disease	
		Investigate an	Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease		Report and presentation on investigating
		epidemic of communicable disease	Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention		an epidemic of communicable disease
IX	15 (T)	Explain the epidemiology of specific communicable diseases  Describe the various methods of prevention, control and management of communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, diagnosing, primary management and referral to a health facility	Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs  1. Communicable Diseases – Vector borne diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines)  • Epidemiology of the following vector born diseases  • Prevention & control measures  • Screening, and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up  • Malaria  • Filaria  • Kala-azar  • Japanese encephalitis  • Dengue  • Chickungunya  2. Communicable diseases: Infectious diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines)  • Epidemiology of the following infectious diseases  • Prevention & Control measures  • Screening, diagnosing the following conditions, primary management,	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion,</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> <li>Assessment of clients with communicable diseases</li> </ul>	Field visit reports     Assessment of family case study     OSCE assessment     Short answer     Essay
			referral and follow up  o Leprosy  o Tuberculosis  o Vaccine preventable diseases – Diphtheria, whooping cough, tetanus, poliomyelitis		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			and measles		
			o Enteric fever		
			o Viral hepatitis		
			o HIV/AIDS/RTI infections		
			o HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ Reproductive tract infections (STIs/RTIs)		
			o Diarrhoea		
			<ul> <li>Respiratory tract infections</li> </ul>		
			o COVID-19		
			Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic infections – Scabies and pediculosis		
			3. Communicable diseases: Zoonotic diseases		
			Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases		
			Prevention & control measures		
			Screening and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up		
			Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility		
			Role of a nurses in control of communicable diseases		
		Identify the national	National Health Programs		
		health programs relevant to communicable diseases and explain the role of nurses in implementation of these programs	UIP: Universal     Immunization Program     (Diphtheria, Whooping cough, Tetanus,     Poliomyelitis, Measles and Hepatitis B)		
		count count	National Leprosy     Eradication Program     (NLEP)		
			3. Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program (RNTCP)		
			Integrated Disease     Surveillance Program     (IDSP): Enteric fever,     Diarrhea, Respiratory		



[भाग III—खण्ड 4] 357 भारत का राजपत्र : असाधारण

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	<b>-</b>		Activities	Methods
			infections and Scabies	AND CONTINUES AND	
			National Aids Control Organization (NACO)		
			National Vector Borne     Disease Control Program		
			7. National Air Quality Monitoring Program		
			Any other newly added program		
X	15 (T)	Describe the national health program for the control of non-communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility	Non-Communicable Diseases and National Health Program (NCD)  National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines  Epidemiology of specific diseases  Prevention and control measures  Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care  NCD-1  Diabetes Mellitus  Hypertension  Cardiovascular diseases  Stroke & Obesity  Blindness: Categories of visual impairment and national program for control of blindness  Deafness: national program for prevention and control of deafness  Thyroid diseases  Injury and accidents: Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways  NCD-2 Cancers  Cervical Cancer  Breast Cancer  Deidemiology of specific cancers, Risk factors/	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> <li>Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases</li> </ul>	Field visit reports     Assessment of family case study     OSCE assessment     Short answer     Essay

Unit	Time	Time Learning Outcomes Content Teaching/Learning			
Cint	(Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Activities	Assessment Methods
	(III3)		Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis – signs, Signs & symptoms, and early management & referral Palliative care Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease control program National Health Programs	Participation in national health programs	
			National program for prevention and control of cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS)  National program for control of blindness  National program for prevention and control of deafness  National tobacco control program  Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programs		
XI		Enumerate the school health activities and the role functions of a school health nurse	Objectives     Health problems of school children     Components of school health services     Maintenance of school health records     Initiation and planning of school health services     Role of a school health nurse	<ul> <li>Lecture</li> <li>Discussion</li> <li>Demonstration</li> <li>Role play</li> <li>Suggested field visits</li> <li>Field practice</li> </ul>	Short answer     Essay     Evaluation of health counseling to school children     Screen, diagnose, manage and refer school children     OSCE assessment

Note: Lab hours less than 1 Credit is not specified separately.

## CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (160 hours)

## CLINICAL POSTINGS: (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Area/Unit	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Urban	2 weeks	Build and maintain rapport	Interviewing skills using communication and	Community needs assessment/ Survey	<ul> <li>Evaluation of survey report</li> </ul>

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Rural	2 Weeks		interpersonal relationship	- Rural/urban - 1 Field visits:	
		Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community	Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community	• SC/HWC, PHC, CHC	<ul> <li>Evaluation of field visit and observation reports</li> </ul>
				purification site – water quality standards	
		Observe the functioning and document significant observations	Observation skills	Rain water harvesting	
				<ul> <li>Sewage disposal</li> </ul>	
				Observation of	
				milk diary	
				slaughterhouse – meat hygiene	
				Observation of nutrition programs	
				<ul> <li>Visit to market</li> </ul>	
		Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult	Nutritional assessment skills	Nutritional assessment of an individual (adult) – 1	
		Educate individuals/ family/community on - Nutrition	Skill in teaching individual/family on:     Nutrition, including food	Health teaching     (Adult) – 1	Health talk evaluation
				Use of audio-visual aids	
		- Hygiene		<ul> <li>Flash cards</li> </ul>	
		- Food hygiene	hygiene and safety	o Posters	
		- Healthy lifestyle	o Healthy lifestyle	o Flannel graph	
		- Health promotion	<ul> <li>Health promotion</li> </ul>	o Flip charts	
		Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups	Health assessment including nutritional assessment for clients of different age groups	Health assessment of woman – 1, infant/under five – 1, adolescent – 1, adult – 1	
				Growth monitoring of under-five children – 1	Assessment of clinical performance
				Document and maintain:	
				<ul> <li>Individual record</li> </ul>	
				<ul> <li>Family record</li> </ul>	
		Maintain records and reports	Documentation skills	Health center record	
				Community health survey to investigate an	
				epidemic – 1	<ul> <li>Evaluations of reports &amp;</li> </ul>

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Investigate epidemic of communicable disease  Identify prevalent communicable and noncommunicable diseases  Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients using standing orders/protocols	<ul> <li>Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey</li> <li>Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high-risk clients to FRUs</li> <li>Conduct home visit</li> </ul>	Screening, diagnosing and primary management and referral:  Communicable disease – 1  Non- communicable diseases – 1  Home visits – 2	<ul> <li>Clinical performance assessment</li> <li>OSCE</li> <li>Final clinical examination</li> </ul>
		Participate in implementation of national health programs	Participation in implementation of national health programs	Participation in school health program – 1	Evaluation of home visit
		Participate in school health program	Participation in school health program		

## EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Practical: 1 Credit (40 hours)

**DESCRIPTION:** This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

### COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be competent to

- Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Identify the latest approaches to education and learning
- 3. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and generational needs
- 5. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 6. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles